

PTC thermistors for overcurrent protection

Rods, uncoated, 500 V

Series/Type: B59404/ B59406Date: February 2012

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B404, B406

Applications

- Overcurrent protection
- Short circuit protection
- For high operating voltages

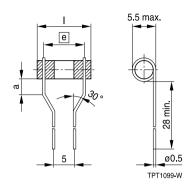
Features

- Leaded rod-type thermistor
- Low mounting height
- RoHS-compatible

Delivery mode

■ Bulk

Dimensional drawing



Dimensions (mm)

Туре	а	е	I _{max}
B404	3.5 ±1.5	12.5 ±1	17
B406	3.5 ±1.5	12.5 ±1	17

General technical data

Max. operating voltage for B404 and B406	$(T_A = 60 ^{\circ}C)$	V_{max}	550	V DC or V AC
Rated voltage for B404 and B406		V_R	500	V DC or V AC
Switching cycles		N	100	
Reference temperature	(typ.)	T_{ref}	60	°C
Operating temperature range	(V = 0)	T _{op}	-40/+125	°C
Operating temperature range	$(V = V_{max})$	T _{op}	0/+60	°C

Electrical specifications and ordering codes

Туре	I _R	Is	I _{Smax}	I _r	R_R	ΔR_R	R _{min}	Ordering code
			$(V = V_{max})$	(typ.)				
				$(V = V_{max})$				
	mA	mA	Α	mA	Ω	%	Ω	
Rated voltage = 500 V DC or V AC								
B404	4	9	0.4	1.0	3500	±16	2880	B59404B0060A040
B406	2.5	6.5	0.3	1.0	5500	±28	3800	B59406B0060A040



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Reliability data

Test	Standard	Test conditions	$ \Delta R_{25}/R_{25} $
Electrical endurance, cycling	IEC 60738-1	Room temperature, V _{max} Number of cycles: 1000	< 25%
Electrical endurance, constant	IEC 60738-1	Storage at V _{max} /T _{op,max} (V _{max}) Test duration: 1000 h	< 25%
Rapid change of temperature	IEC 60738-1	T ₁ = T _{op,min} (0 V), T ₂ = T _{op,max} (0 V) Number of cycles: 5 Test duration: 30 min Test according to IEC 60068-2-14, test Na	< 25%

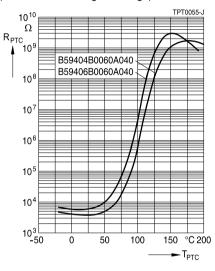


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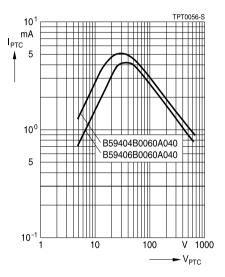
B404, B406

Characteristics (typical)

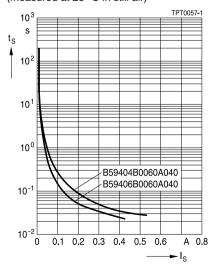
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)



PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC} (measured at 25 °C in still air)



Switching time t_S versus switching current I_S (measured at 25 °C in still air)





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Cautions and warnings

General

- EPCOS thermistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- Ensure suitability of thermistor through reliability testing during the design-in phase. The thermistors should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.

Storage

- Store thermistors only in original packaging. Do not open the package before storage.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: storage temperature −25 °C ... +45 °C, relative humidity ≤75% annual mean, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Avoid contamination of thermistors surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storage of thermistor in harmful environment with effect on function on long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- Use thermistor within the following period after delivery:
 - Through-hole devices (housed and leaded PTCs): 24 months
 - Motor protection sensors, glass-encapsulated sensors and probe assemblies: 24 months
 - Telecom pair and quattro protectors (TPP, TQP): 24 months
 - Leadless PTC thermistors for pressure contacting: 12 months
 - Leadless PTC thermistors for soldering: 6 months
 - SMDs in EIA sizes 3225 and 4032, and for PTCs with metal tags: 24 months
 - SMDs in EIA sizes 0402, 0603, 0805 and 1210: 12 months

Handling

- PTCs must not be dropped. Chip-offs must not be caused during handling of PTCs.
- Components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during handling.

Soldering (where applicable)

- Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended.
- Standard PTC heaters are not suitable for soldering.



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Mounting

- Electrode must not be scratched before/during/after the mounting process.
- Contacts and housing used for assembly with thermistor have to be clean before mounting. Especially grease or oil must be removed.
- When PTC thermistors are encapsulated with sealing material, the precautions given in chapter "Mounting instructions", "Sealing and potting" must be observed.
- When the thermistor is mounted, there must not be any foreign body between the electrode of the thermistor and the clamping contact.
- The minimum force of the clamping contacts pressing against the PTC must be 10 N.
- During operation, the thermistor's surface temperature can be very high. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from the thermistor to allow for proper cooling at the thermistors.
- Ensure that adjacent materials are designed for operation at temperatures comparable to the surface temperature of thermistor. Be sure that surrounding parts and materials can withstand this temperature.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during processing.

Operation

- Use thermistors only within the specified temperature operating range.
- Use thermistors only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the thermistors. Use thermistors only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions. Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function to prevent secondary product damage caused by abnormal function (e.g. use VDR for limitation of overvoltage condition).



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Symbols and terms

A Area

C Capacitance
C_{th} Heat capacity
f Frequency
Current

 $\begin{array}{lll} I_{\text{max}} & & \text{Maximum current} \\ I_{\text{R}} & & \text{Rated current} \\ I_{\text{res}} & & \text{Residual current} \\ I_{\text{PTC}} & & \text{PTC current} \\ I_{\text{res}} & & \text{Residual current} \end{array}$

 $I_{r,oil}$ Residual currrent in oil (for level sensors) $I_{r,air}$ Residual currrent in air (for level sensors) I_{RMS} Root-mean-square value of current

I_s Switching current

I_{Smax} Maximum switching current LCT Lower category temperature

N Number (integer)

N_c Operating cycles at V_{max}, charging of capacitor

N_f Switching cycles at V_{max}, failure mode

P Power

P₂₅ Maximum power at 25 °C

P_{el} Electrical powerP_{diss} Dissipation power

R_G Generator internal resistance

Resistance at 25 °C

 $\begin{array}{lll} R_{\text{min}} & & \text{Minimum resistance} \\ R_{\text{R}} & & \text{Rated resistance} \\ \Delta R_{\text{R}} & & \text{Tolerance of R}_{\text{R}} \\ R_{\text{P}} & & \text{Parallel resistance} \\ R_{\text{PTC}} & & \text{PTC resistance} \\ R_{\text{ref}} & & \text{Reference resistance} \\ R_{\text{S}} & & \text{Series resistance} \end{array}$

Resistance matching per reel/ packing unit at 25 °C

 ΔR_{25} Tolerance of R_{25} T Temperature

t Time

 R_{25}

 T_A Ambient temperature t_a Thermal threshold time



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 T_{C} Ferroelectric Curie temperature t_{E} Settling time (for level sensors)

 T_R Rated temperature T_{sense} Sensing temperature T_{op} Operating temperature T_{PTC} PTC temperature T_{ext} Response time

T_{ref} Reference temperature

T_{Rmin} Temperature at minimum resistance

t_s Switching time

T_{surf} Surface temperature

UCT Upper category temperature

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{V or V}_{\text{el}} & \text{Voltage (with subscript only for distinction from volume)} \\ \text{V}_{\text{c/max}\text{l}} & \text{Maximum DC charge voltage of the surge generator} \end{array}$

V_{E max} Maximum voltage applied at fault conditions in protection mode

V_{RMS} Root-mean-square value of voltage

 $\begin{array}{lll} V_{\text{BD}} & & \text{Breakdown voltage} \\ V_{\text{ins}} & & \text{Insulation test voltage} \\ V_{\text{link,max}} & & \text{Maximum link voltage} \\ V_{\text{max}} & & \text{Maximum operating voltage} \end{array}$

V_{max.dvn} Maximum dynamic (short-time) operating voltage

V_{meas} Measuring voltage

V_{meas,max} Maximum measuring voltage

V_B Rated voltage

V_{PTC} Voltage drop across a PTC thermistor

 α Temperature coefficient Δ Tolerance, change δ_{th} Dissipation factor

τ_{th} Thermal cooling time constant

λ Failure rate

e Lead spacing (in mm)

Abbreviations / Notes

SMD Surface-mount devices

* To be replaced by a number in ordering codes, type designations etc.

+ To be replaced by a letter

All dimensions are given in mm.

The commas used in numerical values denote decimal points.



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